



GCSE MARKING SCHEME

SUMMER 2023

GCSE MATHEMATICS – COMPONENT 2 (HIGHER TIER) C300UB0-1

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INTRODUCTION

This marking scheme was used by WJEC for the 2023 examination. It was finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conference was held shortly after the paper was taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conference was to ensure that the marking scheme was interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conference, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about this marking scheme.

EDUQAS GCSE MATHEMATICS

SUMMER 2023 MARK SCHEME

Component 2: Higher Tier	Mark	Comments
1.*(a)		
<u>675</u> oe	M1	
45×60		
$0.25 (N/cm^2)$	۸1	
1 */b)		
1. (D)		
$0.75 \times (45 \times 60)$ or 675×3	M1	FT 'their 2700' from (a) if necessary
2025 (N)	A1	
	(4)	
2.*(a)(i)		
2014 and 2016	B1	
2.(a)(ii)		
No and valid explanation	E1	Allow one of the following:
e.a. one of the following:		'There is no point on 2009'
'There is no data for 2009'		We can't tell the % exactly between the even
'The data is only for even-numbered years '		vears'
The lines joining the points on a time-series		'It could be higher or lower between the plotted
graph have no value '		noints'
'The graph shows 'households' and lane		
mentions 'neonle"		
2 (b)(i)		
All points correctly plotted	P1	Check overlay for tolerance
		Allow if plots are correct but incorrectly joined
2 (b)(ii)		
2018	B1	ET 'their plotted points' providing at least 5 points
2010		correctly plotted and a unique solution
2 (b)(iii)		
Comment that includes words indicating	F1	A comment does not need to mention the years
internet keeps on increasing whereas	_ <u> </u>	but must imply computer ownership and internet
desktop ownership decreases (after 2014)		connection
		Allow 'the county will follow a similar trend to
		Eduvale'
	(5)	
3(a)		
An appropriately worded question	B2	Question must include 'each month' oe,
e.g.		
How much money do you spend each		Allow 'how many bottles'
month on Pop?		
AND		A minimum of 3 response boxes which must
An appropriate set of response boxes		cover all options including 0 AND 'no upper limit'
$(\pounds)0$ $(\pounds)1 - (\pounds)3$ $(\pounds)4 - (\pounds)6$		AND no overlap
More than $(£)6$		
		Award B1 for an appropriately worded question
		with no more than 'one identified error' from
		above response boxes
		Award SC1 for question that includes 'per week'
		or 'per day' and fully correct set of response
		boxes.
L		.L

2 (h)(i)	Γ	Γ
$\frac{87}{100}$ or 0.435 or 43.5%	54	
200	В1	
3.(b)(ii) 43		
or 0.215 or 21.5%	B1	
		Note: Allow SC1 for both answers correct but in
		incorrect form.
	(4)	
4.*(a) $(^{8.2})^2$	MO	M_{2} for eight of (order of circle)
$8.2^2 - \pi \times (\frac{1}{2})$ oe	1013	M2 for sight of (area of circle =) $(82)^{2}$
		$\pi \times \left(\frac{32}{2}\right)$ (= 52.81) oe
		M1 for sight of (area of square =) 8.2^2 (= 67.24)
		AND for (radius of circle =) 4.1 (look on diagram) May be embedded in an incorrect calculation
4.(b)	A1	Allow 14 only if from correct working
7 x 9.8 x 16	M2	M1 for 7 x 9.8 (=68.6)
1097.6 or 1098 (cm ³)	A1	
5 *(c)	(7)	
5. (a) 5x = 8	B1	
$x = 1.6 \text{ or } \frac{8}{5} \text{ ISW}$	B1	FT from $ax = 8$, $a \neq 1$ or $5x = b$
		Accept $\frac{8}{a}$ or $\frac{b}{c}$ but if on FT either simplifies to an
		integer the answer must be given as an integer.
		x = can be omitted but must not be wrong if
		there.
F (1)		Correct answer implies first B1.
(number of apples =) $x + 2$ si	B1	Not implied by use of numerical trials
		Note: do not award B1 for $x + 2 = 545$ oe
30x + 25(x + 2) = 545 oe	M1	FT 'their $x + 2$ ' providing binomial in x ;
		brackets may be omitted
55x + 50 = 545 oe	m1	Expands the brackets and simplifies
x = 9	A1	CAO (no FT as needs to be an integer answer)
		If M0A0 award either:
		trials.
5.(c)		SC1 if 9 only seen in embedded working.
(x+1)(x+4)	B2	B1 for a pair of brackets that expand to give
		$x^2 + 5x \pm a$
		OR $r^2 + br + 4$
	(8)	

6*(a)		
3000 × 1.04 ⁵	M1	Or equivalent full and complete method
= (£)3649.95(87) or (£)3649.96 or (£)3650	A1	
$\frac{\frac{3649.96-3000}{3000}}{3000} (\times 100) \text{ oe AND } \frac{3\times 190}{3000} (\times 100) \text{ oe}$ OR	M2	FT 'their 3649.96' provided M1 previously awarded
3649.96-3 ×190		M1 for either $3649.96-3000$ (x 100)
3000 (x 100)		or $\frac{3\times190}{3000}$ (× 100) provided M1 previously awarded
A indicated AND 2.7(%) or 2.66(%)	A1	FT. Allow 2(%) or 2.6(%) or 3(%).
Valid assumption e.g. 'Account A interest rate stays the same' 'Account A interest rate does not vary'	E1	Do not allow 'Account A, interest rate can vary' 'Account A interest rate is not guaranteed'
'Account A interest rate does not go up or down'		
<u>Alternative method</u> 1.04 ⁵ × 100 – 100 oe	М2	= 1.2166 × 100 – 100
		M1 for 1.04 ⁵
21.7(%) or 21.66(%)	A1	Allow 21(%) or 21.6(%) or 22(%)
(3 × 190) ÷ 3000 (× 100) (=19%)	M1	FT providing M1 previously awarded
A indicated AND 2.7(%) or 2.66(%)	A1	FT providing M1 M1 previously awarded
		Allow 2(%) or 2.6(%) or 3(%)
Valid assumption e.g. 'Account A interest rate stays the same' 'Account A interest rate does not vary'	E1	<i>Do not allow 'Account A - interest rate can vary' 'Account A interest rate is not guaranteed'</i>
'Account A interest rate does not go up or down'		
6.(b) Valid impact based on assumption	E1	If no valid assumption is made then this mark
e.g. 'Even if the interest rate went up, the		Cannot be awarded. EUE1 not allowed.
difference would be more.'		Allow the answer <u>could</u> be different'.
'If the interest rate went down, account A may not have the greater increase.'		Do not allow the answer could be wrong .
'If the interest rate doesn't stay the same, then Account A could have even more money than B or less than B'		
	(7)	L

7. Arc (of circle) centre A radius 5.5 cm	B1	± 2mm
Correct perpendicular bisector construction with appropriate arcs	B2	B1 for perpendicular bisector within tolerance $(\pm 2^{\circ})$ without arcs or with invalid arcs
Correct area shaded or indicated	B1	FT provided at least B1 previously awarded for a closed region bounded by an attempt at a perpendicular bisector, with or without arcs, and the arc of a circle centre <i>A</i>
	(4)	
8.*		Degree symbol may be omitted throughout; lengths may be in metres throughout
Use of right-angled triangle with trigonometry with 3° or 87° correctly indicated with 2.5 used as a side.	S1	Angle may be marked on diagram; trig ratio used may not be correct at this stage
(vertical height =) 2.5 tan 3° or $\frac{2.5}{\tan 87^0}$	M2	M1 for $\tan 3^\circ = \frac{?}{2.5}$ or $\tan 87^\circ = \frac{2.5}{?}$
0.1(3) (km)	A1	Not from wrong working e.g. 2.5sin(3)
		If units are stated, they must be correct but ISW any attempt at a unit change after a correct answer has been seen
		Unsupported 0.1(3) is awarded S1 only
<u>Alternative method</u> Use of right-angled triangle with trigonometry with 3° or 87° correctly	S1	Angle may be marked on diagram; trig ratio used may not be correct at this stage
(vertical height =) $\frac{2.5 \times \sin 3}{\sin 97}$	M2	M1 for $\frac{2.5}{\sin 87} = \frac{x}{\sin 3}$ oe
0.1(3) (km)	A1	Unsupported 0.1(3) is awarded S1 only
	(4)	***************************************
9.(a)		
Correctly completes the tree diagram	B1	0.98 correctly placed
(0.02) 0.99	B1	0.01 and 0.99 correctly placed on both pairs of branches
0.98 0.01		brancies
0.99		
9.(b)(i) 0.98 × 0.99	M1	FT 'their 0.98 and 0.99' from their tree diagram
0.9702 or $\frac{4851}{5000}$ oe	A1	FT Allow 0.97 from correct working (not if
		unsupported)
$(0.02 \times 0.99) + (0.98 \times 0.01)$	M2	For M1 or M2, FT their probabilities from their tree provided they are less than 1
		M1 for either (0.02 \times 0.99) or (0.98 \times 0.01)
0.0296 or $\frac{37}{1250}$ oe	A1	FT Allow 0.03 from correct working (not if unsupported)
	(7)	

$\begin{array}{c} 10. \\ (5x \times 4x)(x) \end{array}$	10. $(5x \times 4x)(x + 4x) = 172.8$ or better			M2	M1 for $5xy(x + y) = 172.8$
					Allow M1 for one of the following:
					• $x + y \times 5xy = 172.8$
					• $5xy \times x + y = 172.8$
					• $20x^2 \times 5x$
$20x^2 \times 5x$	= 172.8 or	better		M1	FT 'their derived $(5x \times 4x)(x+4x)$ '
<i>x</i> = 1.2				A1	CAO
(Area patio	o =) 23.04 (I	m²)		B1	FT $(4 \times \text{'their } 1.2^{'})^2$ provided at least 2 marks previously awarded
Alternative	<u>method</u>				
$(5 \times \frac{y}{4} \times y)$	$\left(\frac{y}{4} + y\right) = 1$	172.8 or	better	М2	<i>M1</i> for $5xy(x + y) = 172.8$
					Allow M1 for one of the following:
					• $x + y \times 5xy = 172.8$
					• $5xy \times x + y = 172.8$
					• $\frac{5y^2}{4} \times (\frac{y}{4} + y)$
$\frac{5}{4}y^2 \times \frac{5}{4}y =$	= 172.8			M1	FT 'their derived $(5 \times \frac{y}{4} \times y) \left(\frac{y}{4} + y\right)$ '
<i>y</i> = <i>4</i> .8				A1	CAO
(Area patio	o =) 23.04 (i	m²)		B1	FT ('their 4.8') ² provided at least 2 marks
				(5)	previously awarded
11.					
a = 7x + 7y	√ ⁵ + 2			B1	FT each step until second error Expand brackets
a - 7x - 2	= 7y ⁵			B1	Isolate 7y ⁵
$\frac{a-7x-2}{7} = y^5$				B1	Isolate y ⁵
$y = \sqrt[5]{\frac{a - 7x - 2}{7}}$				B1	Mark final answer
Alternative	<u>method</u>				FT each step until second error
a - 2 = 7 a - 2	$(x + y^{\circ})$		7	B1	
$\frac{1}{a-2} = x + \frac{7}{a-2}$	$\left \frac{a}{2}\right ^{7} = x + y^{5}$ or $a - 2 = 7x + 7y^{5}$			B1	
$\frac{u-2}{7} - x = y^5$ or $\frac{u-2-7x}{7} = y^5$		B1			
$y = {}^{5} \sqrt{\frac{a-2}{5}}$	-x or y	$= 5 \left \frac{a-2}{a-2} \right $	$\frac{-7x}{7}$	R1	Mark final answer
N 7	2	N	/		
40				(4)	
12					
Range	Median	LQ	UQ IQ	R B3	If IQR not 18, FT IQR from 'their UQ-LQ'
34	174	168	186 1	3	B2 for 4 correct values
			<u> </u>		OR
					B1 for correct values for any one of the following:
					Range
					Median and IQR
				(3)	LQ and UQ
1					

13.(a) Valid explanation e.g. 'When the second reduction is made, it is not 15% of the original amount, so the reduction is less than 35%.' or 'The reduction is 32% not 35%.' or 'It is 15% of 80% not 15% of 100%'	E1	
13.(b) 306 000 ÷ 0.85 oe, si ÷ 0.8(0) oe, si (£)450 000	M1 M1 A2	Method marks can be awarded in either order Notes: M2 for $\div 0.68 \text{ OR} \div (0.8 \times 0.85)$ M1 for $\div 0.8 \times 0.85 \text{ OR} \times 0.85 \div 0.8$ unless the answer is (£)450 000 which is awarded M2 A2 A1 for sight of one of the following • 360 000 (from 306 000 $\div 0.85$) • 382 500 (from 306 000 $\div 0.85$) • 288 000 (from 306 000 $\div 0.85 \times 0.8$) • 325 125 (from 306 000 $\div 0.8 \times 0.85$) An answer of (£)450 000 which is awarded 4 marks unless incorrect working seen.
14 (2)	(5)	
(1078500 + 249350 =) 1327850 (km2)	B2	B1 for 1327300 < answer < 1328400
14.(b)	D1	
$\frac{81500000}{81500000} \le \min pop < 82000000$	M1	FT their (a)
1327850		
61(.377) (people/km²) ISVV	A1 (5)	F I only for 81 500 000 ÷ their (a)
15.(a) $6 < x < 6$ or	(0) B3	B2 for one of the following
	00	• $-6 \le x < 6$
		 −6 < x ≤ 6
		• $-6 \le x \text{ or } x \le 6$
		 −6 < x < 6
		B1 for one of the following:
		• $(x-6)(x+6)$ • $x \le 6$
		• $x \ge 0$ • $x = \pm 6$
15.(b)		
Correct parabola starting at (-6, 0) and ending at (6, 0).	B2	B1 for correct parabola going through and extending beyond (-6, 0) and (6, 0).
		FT their (a) for B1 if possible.
16	(5)	
10. (area sector -) $\frac{62}{5} \times \pi \times 15^2$	N/1	
$\frac{1217(3)}{360} \times \pi \times 15$		CAO : accept $\frac{155}{2}$ m; allow 122
$\frac{121.7(3)}{(2000 \text{ triangle} -)^{1} \times 15 \times 9 \times \sin(00 - (2))}$		$\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$
(a = a (a) = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 = 0 =	A1	FT 'their derived 28°' but must use 15 and 8 m
		allow 28 or 28.2
A sum of correct areas that rounds to 150	B1	CAO; sight of 149.9(0) implies 5 marks
121.7(3) + 28.16(8) = 149.9 (=150)		
		Allow e.g. 122 + 28.2 = 150.2 but not 122 + 28 = 150
	(5)	

	1	
17.(a)	N44	
$x^{2} + \frac{1}{x} = 2x + 1$	IVI1	
$x^3 + 1 = 2x^2 + x$	M1	
Correct completion to	A1	
$x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 1 = 0$		
17.(b)		
(<i>x</i> =) -0.8, 0.5 or 0.6, 2.2 or 2.3	B2	B1 for any two correct or for answers given as coordinates or for 3 correct values not rounded to 1dp (-0.8019 0.5549 2.246)
	(5)	
18.(a)		
$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$	B1	$f^{-1}(x) =$ may be omitted
18.(b)		
$g(x) = 125x^3 - 75x^2 + 15x - 1$	B3	Mark final answer; $g(x) = may$ be omitted
		R2 for either of:
		A correct unsimplified answer
		A correct unsimplified answer $125x^3 - 25x^2 - 25x^2 + 5x - 25x^2 + 5x + 5x - 1$
		$\frac{125x}{0R} = \frac{25x}{25x} = \frac{25x}{75x} + \frac{5x}{25x} + \frac{5x}{75x} + \frac{5x}{75x} - \frac{1}{1}$
		$(25r^2 - 5r - 5r + 1)(5r - 1)$ expanded with
		three of the four terms correct
		OR
		$(25x^2 + 10x + 1)(5x - 1) = 125x^3 + 25x^2 - 5x - 1$
		B1 for attempt at expansion of
		$(25r^2 - 5r - 5r + 1)(5r - 1)$
	(4)	$\frac{(25\lambda - 5\lambda - 5\lambda + 1)(5\lambda - 1)}{(5\lambda - 1)}$
19.(a)	(1)	Degree symbol may be missing throughout
$(BC -)$ $\xrightarrow{13}$ × sin 38°	M2	M1 for $\frac{BC}{BC} = \frac{13}{13}$
$(BC -) \frac{1}{\sin 67^{\circ}} \times \sin 36$		$\frac{1}{\sin 38^{\circ}} = \frac{1}{\sin 67^{\circ}}$
8.7 or 8.69(4) (cm)	A1	Allow 9 from correct working
19.(b)		
$(EF =)\sqrt{6^2 + 11^2 - 2(6)(11)\cos 43}$	M2	M1 for $EF^2 = 6^2 + 11^2 - 2(6)(11)\cos 43$ (=60(.46))
7.77 to 7.8 (cm)	A1	Allow 8 from correct working
	(6)	
20.(a)	DO	
	B2	B I IOF /×6×5×4×3×2(×1) OF /!
20.(D) 720	B0	B1 for $6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2(\times 1 \times 1)$ or 61 or 'their 5040' $\div 7$
20 (c)		
4320 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	D 4	'their derived 5040 – 720'
$\frac{1}{5040}$ or $\frac{1}{7}$ oe; ISVV	В1	⊢।'their derived 5040′
	(5)	

21. (Depth of water =) 15 (cm)	B2	May be embedded in later working
		B1 for $\frac{6}{20} \times 50$ oe
$\frac{1}{3}\pi \times 20^2 \times 50 - \frac{1}{3}\pi \times 6^2 \times 15$	M2	FT provided B1 previously awarded for M2
(20000π) - (540π) oe		
20943.95102 – 565.4866776		M1 for $\frac{-\pi}{3} \times 20^2 \times 50$ or $\frac{-\pi}{3} \times 6^2 \times 15$
$\frac{19460}{3}\pi$ or 20378(.464) si	A1	FT from M2 only
20378(.464) ÷ 1000 × 10 oe	M1	FT 'their derived volume' providing at least 3 marks previously awarded
204 or 203.7 to 203.8 (seconds)	A1	CAO
Alternative method	50	
(Depth of water =) 15 (cm)	B2	May be embedded in later working B1 for $\frac{6}{20} \times 50$ oe
(Time to fill initial volume =)		
$\left(\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 6^2 \times 15\right) \div 1000 \times 10$	M2	FT provided B1 previously awarded for M2
		<i>M1 for</i> $\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 6^2 \times 15$
5.6548 (s) si	A1	FT from M2 only
$5.6548 \times \frac{20^3}{6^3} - 5.6548$ oe	М1	FT 'their derived volume' providing at least 3 marks previously awarded Must be a complete method to find the time needed
204 or 203.7 to 203.8 (seconds)	A1	CAO
	(7)	
22.(a) +3	B1	Allow 'Plus 3' but not 3
22.(b)(i)		
Correct rearrangement to $x = \sqrt{\frac{2x+5}{x}}$	B1	Allow working back from $x = \sqrt{\frac{2x+5}{x}}$ to
N *		$x^3 - 2x - 5 = 0$
22.(b)(ii)		
$x_2 = \sqrt{\frac{9}{2}}$ or 2.12()	M1	
$x_3 = 2.08()$	m1	Allow omission of $x_5 = 2.09;$
$x_4 = 2.09()$		allow for $x_3 = 2.09$ $x_4 = 2.1(0)$ $x_5 = 2.09$
$x_5 = 2.09()$		(from rounding consistently to 2dp)
(x =) 2.1	A1	Allow omission of $x_5 = 2.09$, ignore extra
		iterations if listed; answer without/with incorrect working does not imply the method marks
	(5)	

23. Correct calculation for the area using 4 trapezia e.g. $\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times (4+7)$ $+ \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times (7+8)$ $+ \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times (8+7)$ $+ \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times (7+4)$ (=16.5 + 22.5 + 22.5 + 16.5) or	М3	May be embedded in further work Or equivalent correct calculation e.g. $\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times (4 + 4 + 2(7 + 8 + 7))$ OR for the sum of the compounded areas (formed by splitting of the correct trapezia) e.g. (12+4.5)+(21+1.5)+(21+1.5)+(12+4.5) from using rectangles and triangles
$2\left(\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times (4+7) + \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times (7+8)\right)$ (=2(16.5 + 22.5))		
		M2 for the sum of the 4 correct trapezium areas with at most one error (possibly repeated) in the y-values OR for the sum of the compounded areas (formed by splitting of the correct trapezia) with at most one error (possibly repeated) e.g. rectangles and triangles M1 for the sum of the 4 correct trapezium areas with at most 2 errors included (possibly repeated) errors in the y-values OR for the sum of the compounded areas (formed by splitting of the correct trapezia) with at most 2 errors (possibly repeated) Note: If including the volume, values are: 2(825 + 1125) = 3900
78 (m ²)	Δ1	2(206250 + 281250) = 975000
78 × 50 × 250	M1	FT If no marks awarded FT 'their area' if in the range 76-80 providing answer derived from incorrect 'trapezia'
(£) 975000	A1 (6)	FT