Centre Number

First name(s)

# GCSE



3300U60-1

### WEDNESDAY, 14 JUNE 2023 - MORNING

## MATHEMATICS UNIT 2: CALCULATOR-ALLOWED HIGHER TIER

1 hour 45 minutes

#### ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

A calculator will be required for this examination.

A ruler, a protractor and a pair of compasses may be required.

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or correction fluid.

You may use a pencil for graphs and diagrams only.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer **all** the questions in the spaces provided.

If you run out of space, use the additional page at the back of the booklet. Question numbers must be given for all work written on the additional page.

Take  $\pi$  as 3.14 or use the  $\pi$  button on your calculator.

#### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

You should give details of your method of solution when appropriate.

Unless stated, diagrams are not drawn to scale.

Scale drawing solutions will not be acceptable where you are asked to calculate.

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

In question **10**(a), the assessment will take into account the quality of your linguistic and mathematical organisation, communication and accuracy in writing.



For Examiner's use only						
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded				
1.	6					
2.	4					
3.	4					
4.	6					
5.	4					
6.	7					
7.	4					
8.	5					
9.	2					
10.	8					
11.	3					
12.	6					
13.	5					
14.	4					
15.	6					
16.	6					
Total	80					

Formula List – Higher Tier  
Area of trapezium = 
$$\frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$$
  
Volume of prism = area of cross-section × length  
Volume of sphere =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi x^3$   
Surface area of sphere =  $4\pi x^2$   
Volume of cone =  $\frac{1}{3}\pi x^2 h$   
Curved surface area of cone =  $\pi x^2$   
In any triangle *ABC*  
Sine rule  $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$   
Cosine rule  $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$   
Area of triangle =  $\frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$   
The Quadratic Equation  
The solutions of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  where  $a \neq 0$  are given by  $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$ 

AER, as a decimal, is calculated using the formula  $\left(1+\frac{i}{n}\right) - 1$ , where *i* is the nominal interest rate per annum as a decimal and *n* is the number of compounding periods per annum.



Examiner only Solve the equation 7+5(x-2)=3x+8. 1. [3] (a) ..... ..... ..... Make *f* the subject of the formula h = 13 - 2f. (b) [2] \_\_\_\_\_ (c) Factorise 15x - 35y. [1] \_\_\_\_\_

3



3300U601 03

Examiner only 2. A large number of prize tokens are placed in a box. The tokens are identical in shape and size. Gold, Silver, Bronze or No Prize is written on each token. One token is chosen at random from the box. The table below shows the probability of choosing a Gold prize token and the probability of choosing a Silver prize token. Token Gold Silver No Prize Bronze **Probability** 0.02 0.18 There are three times as many No Prize tokens in the box as there are Bronze prize (a) tokens. Complete the table. [2] (b) There are 15 Gold prize tokens in the box. How many Silver prize tokens are there in the box? [2]



$x^3 - 8x + 3 = 0$	
ies between 2 and 3.	
Jse the method of trial and improvement to find this solution correct to 1 decimal place. You must show all your working.	[4]



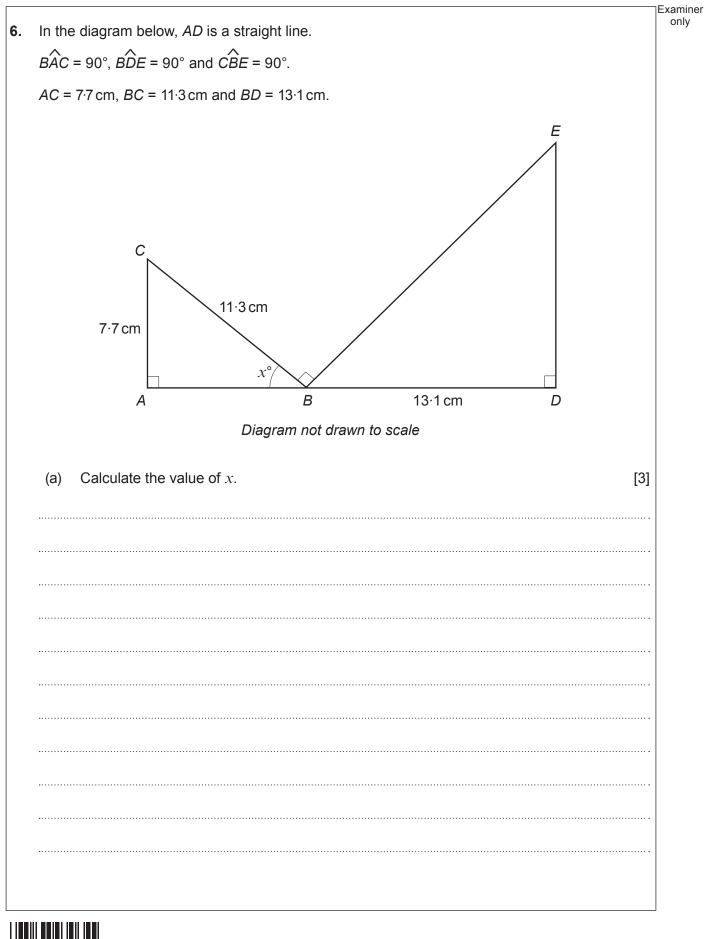
(a)		uate $\frac{\sqrt[3]{154}}{7\cdot9-3\cdot2}$		innificant fig			Exa
•••••	Give	your answer		significant ng	uies.		[2]
•••••							
(b)	Calc Give	ulate the recip your answer	procal of 23. correct to 3 o	decimal place	es.		[2]
(C)		e the correct					
	(i)	The Lowest	Common Mit	6	of 4 and 6 is: 12	24	
							[1]
	(ii)	The Highest	: Common Fa	actor (HCF) c	of 10 and 15 is	:	
		5	10	15	30	150	[1]



© WJEC CBAC Ltd.

olve the following simultaneous eq ou must show all your working.	uations using an algebraic (not graphical) method.	[4]
	2x + 3y = 16.4 $3x - 2y = 7.7$	







Hence find the length DE. (b) [4] 7. A number is decreased by 5% of its value. (a) This is done 4 times in total. Each time, the value decreases by 5%. Circle the multiplier that you would use to find the value after the 4 decreases. [1]  $\times 0.05^4$  $\times 1.05^4$  $\times 0.04^5$  $\times 0.95^4$ × 0.20 A number has been decreased by 17% to give an answer of 3569. What was the original number? (b) [3]

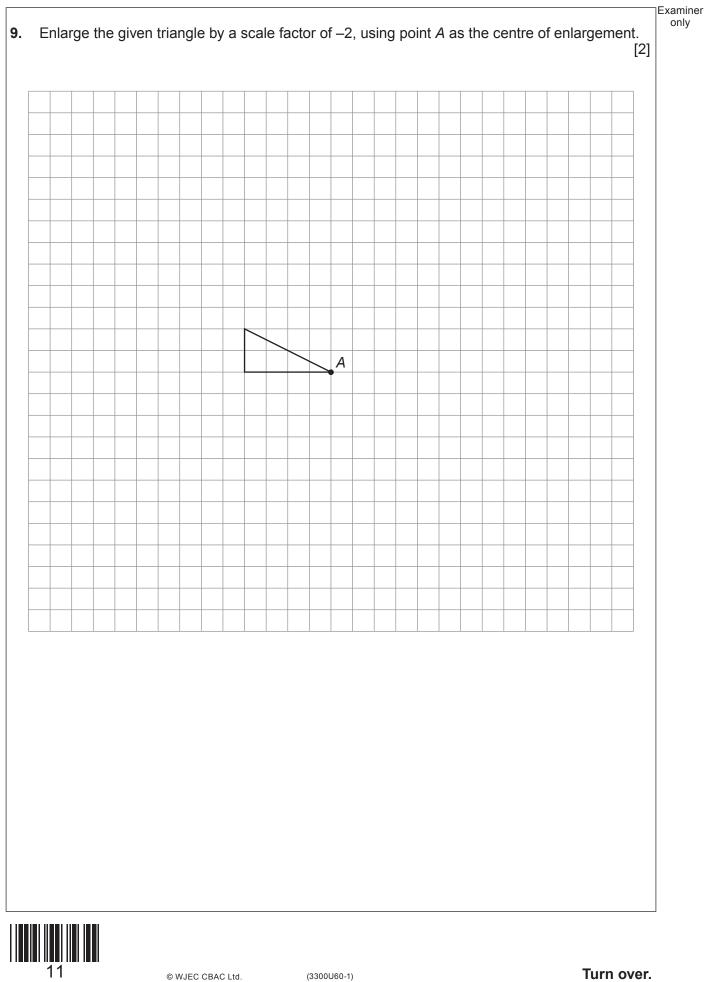
9



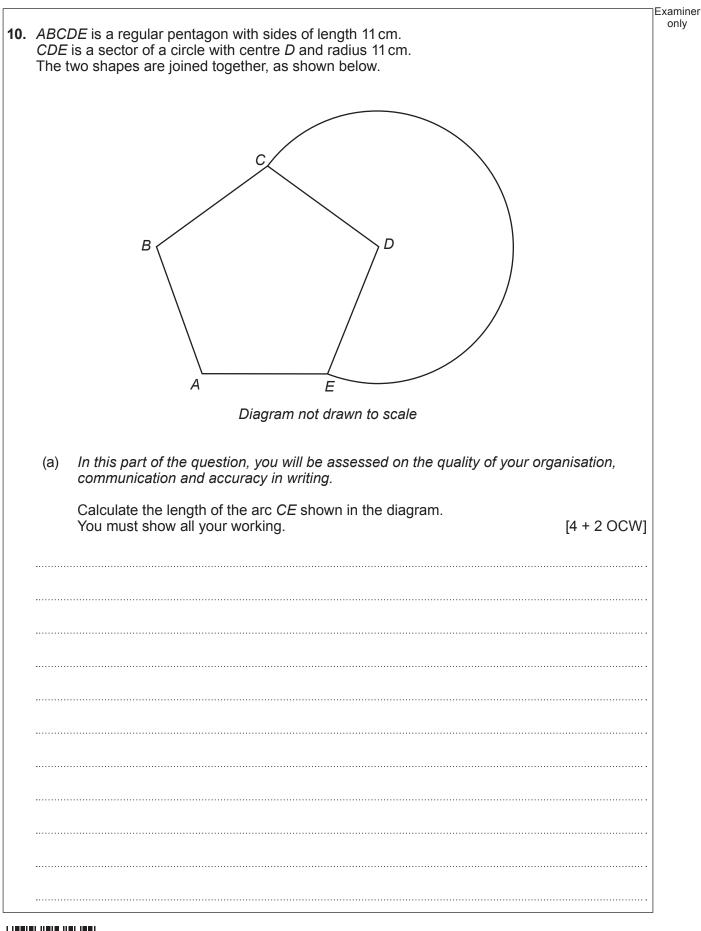
Examiner only

The diagram below shows a semicircle, with radius $r$ , drawn inside a trapezium.	Ex
22 cm	
Diagram not drawn to scale	
The area of the semicircle is $77  \text{cm}^2$ .	
The semicircle touches the line $AB$ . $AB = 22 \mathrm{cm}$ .	
	[5]
Calculate the area of the trapezium ABCD.	[5]
Calculate the area of the trapezium <i>ABCD</i> .	[0]
Calculate the area of the trapezium <i>ABCD</i> .	
Calculate the area of the trapezium <i>ABCD</i> .	
Calculate the area of the trapezium ABCD.	
Calculate the area of the trapezium ABCD.	[J]
Calculate the area of the trapezium ABCD.	[J]
Calculate the area of the trapezium ABCD.	







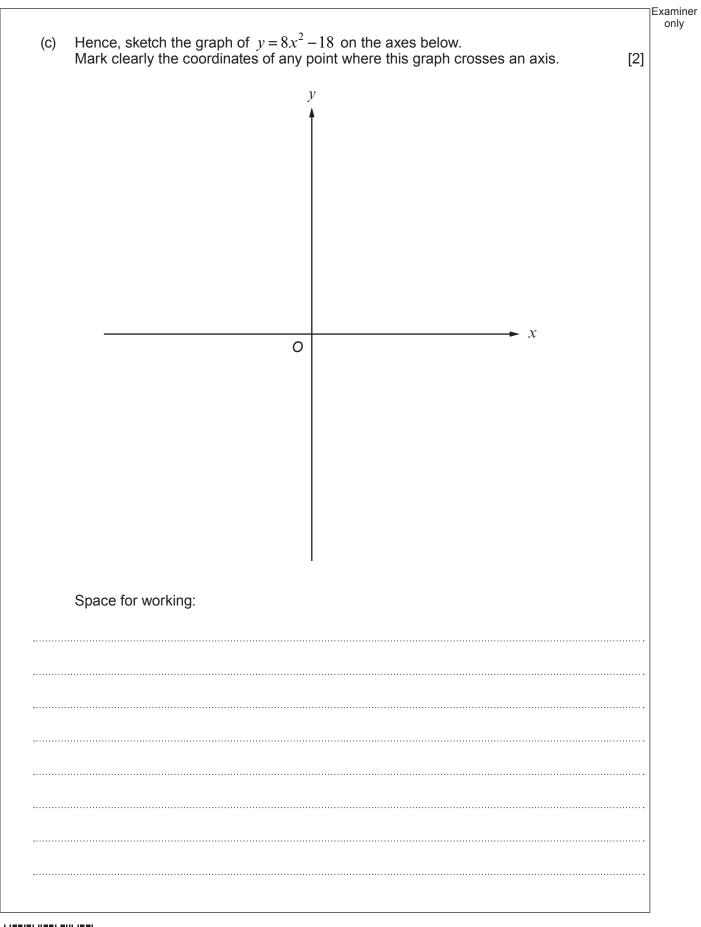




			Exa
	(b)	In a shape <b>similar</b> to the one shown on the previous page, the regular pentagon has sides of length 671 cm.	
		Complete the following statement.	
		Total area of new shape = × total area of original shape	
		You must show all your working.	[2]
	•••••		
	•••••		
	•••••		
11.	Make	e x the subject of the formula $ax^2 + x^2 = b$ .	[3]
	•••••		
	•••••		
	<b>.</b>		
	•••••		
	•••••		
	13	© WJEC CBAC Ltd. (3300U60-1) Turn ov	ver.

(a)	Factorise $8x^2 - 18$ .	[3]	
•••••			
•••••			
•••••			
••••••			
(b)	Hence solve $8x^2 - 18 = 0$ .	[1]	
(b)	Hence solve $8x^2 - 18 = 0$ .	[1]	
(b)	Hence solve $8x^2 - 18 = 0$ .	[1]	
(b)	Hence solve $8x^2 - 18 = 0$ .	[1]	
	Hence solve $8x^2 - 18 = 0$ .		
······			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			







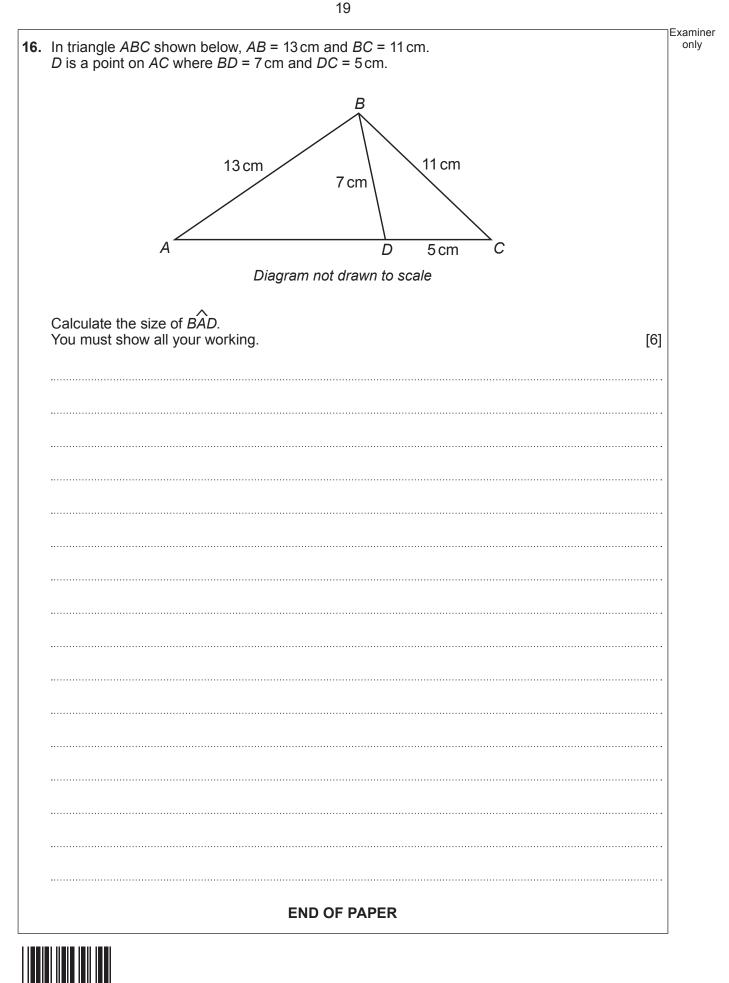
	herine has three spinners, as shown below.	Ex
She	spins each spinner once.	
(a)	Calculate the probability that all three spinners land on prime numbers.	[2]
•••••		
•••••		
(b)	The numbers that the three spinners land on are added together	
(b)	The numbers that the three spinners land on are added together. Calculate the probability that the total is <b>greater than</b> 4.	[3]
·····		
······		
<b>.</b>		
<b>.</b>		
<b>.</b>		



	Examine
<b>14.</b> The cube shown below has a volume of 10648 cm <sup>3</sup> .	
A A Diagram not drawn to scale	
Diagram not drawn to scale	
Calculate the length of the internal diagonal AB.	[4]
17 © WJEC CBAC Ltd. (3300U60-1)	Turn over.

Use the quadratic formula to solve the equation $\frac{1}{x-2} + \frac{1}{3x-7}$	
Give your answers correct to 2 decimal places. You <b>must</b> show all your working.	[6]





---

© WJEC CBAC Ltd.

Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question number(s) in the left-hand margin.	Examiner only



(

© WJEC CBAC Ltd.